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Word meaning L-4

Word	E/Meaning	H/Meaning
1. Plateau	An elevated land	पठार
2. Hill	A small mountain	पहाड़ी
3. Valley	Low tract between Hills	घाटी
4. Flow	A stream	बहाव
5. Famous	Renowned	प्रसिद्ध
6. Tourist	People going on pleasure	पर्यटक
7. Peak	Pointed of a mountain	पर्वत का शिखर

5/5/2020

Class - IV S.S.T

Lesson - 4 India the Peninsular Plateau

Very Short Questions

Q-1 What are the two main divisions of the Peninsular plateau?

Ans The central highland and the Deccan plateau.

Q-2 Name the mountain ranges of the Malwa Plateau.

Ans Aravali Range and Vindhya Range.

Q-3 Mention the major rivers of the Deccan plateau.

Ans Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna and Kaveri.

Q-4 Write down the names of the states found in the Peninsular Plateau.

Ans MP, Chhattisgarh, AP, Jharkhand, Orissa, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu.

Q-5 Which is the longest river of the Deccan plateau who's known as Dakshin Ganga?

Ans Godavari.

Short Q/Ans →

Q-1 What do you know about the extent of the peninsular plateau.

Ans The peninsular plateau covers nearly half of the area of India. It is

Irregular triangle in shape, having two parts central highland and Deccan plateau.

Q2 How does a plateau differ from a mountain?

Ans A plateau is a broad elevated and flat topped land rising sharply from the neighbouring low land while mountain is an elevated pointed structure.

Q3 Differentiate between the Deccan and Malwa plateaus.

Ans Deccan plateau is the part of peninsular plateau which extends to the south of Vindhya ~~and~~ range.

Malwa plateau is the part of central highland of peninsular plateau in the east. This region is full of minerals.

Q4 Give a short note on the east and west following flowing rivers of the peninsular plateau.

Ans The rivers of the east peninsular plateau Chambal and Betwa join Yamuna and Son river join Ganga. The river of east drain Malwa plateau. ~~While~~ While the rivers of west flow into Bay of Bengal and make deltas near the coast.